KORNETOVA, V.A.; VASIL'YEVA, Z.V.

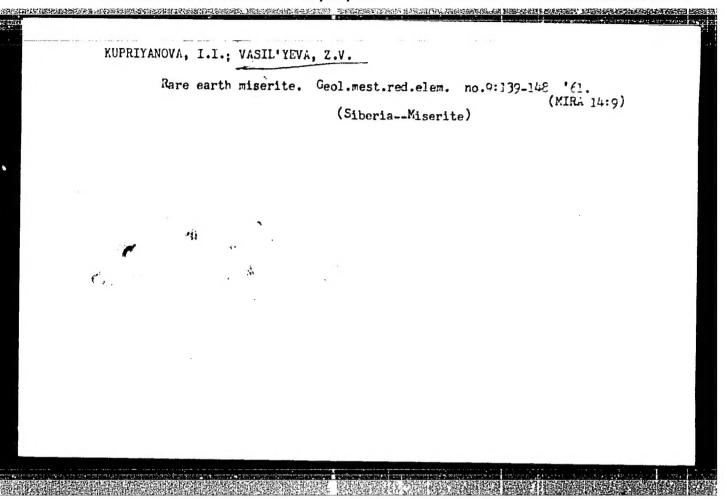
Pink apatite from a pegmatite lens. Trudy Min. muz. no.11:181183 '61. (MIRA 16:7)

(Apatite)

YEFIMOV, A.F.; KRAVCHENKO, S.M.; VASIL'YEVA, Z.V.

Strontium apatite, a new mineral. Dokl. AN SSSR 142 no.2:439-442 Ja 162. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut mineralogii, geokhimii i kristallokhimii redkikh elementov AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom D.S.Korzhinskim. (Inagli region—Apatite)



W	TACTI I VETIA D TI	
·	ASIL'YEVA, Z.V.	
	Use of ion exchange resins in the analysis of apatites. Trudy IGEM no.64, Metod. khim. anal. min. no.1:91-94 161.	
	(Ion exchange resins) (Apatite)	

GENKIN, A.D.; VASIL'YEVA, Z.V.; YAKOVLEVSKAYA, T.A.

Occurrences of apatite in copper-nickel sulfide ores in the Noril'sk deposit. Geol. rud. mestorozh. no.2:100-108 Mr-Ap '61. (MIRA 14:5)

l. Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdneiy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR.

(Noril'sk region—Apatite)

VASILITION, Z.V., Seni Scol-Tin Sei-(dist) "Here again and firm" attitutions in the specific of vertous deposits of the favorable of the favorable, ion, 1959. 16 pp (Acad Sci USCA. Inst of Wester, or Cre Deposits, Petrography, Mineralogy, and Geochemistry), 125 copies (M1, 27-52, 104).

VASIL'YEVA, Z.V. Role of manganese in apathes. Zap. Vses. min. ob-va 87 no.4:455-468

158:-

l. Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva. (Manganapatite)

VASILIYEVA, Z.V.; KUDRYASHOVA, V.I.

Apatite from Siberian trap rocks. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geol. 23
no.7:92-97 Jl '58. (MIRA 11:9)

1.Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii
i geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva.
(Lower Tunguska Valley--Apatite)

BURET DE BERTHER DE LE BERTHE DE LE BERTHE DE LE BERTHE DE LE BERTHE DE LE BERTHER DE

AUTHOR:

Vasil'yeva, Z. V.

307/7-58-4-8/13

TITLE:

On Sulfur-Containing Apatites (Ob apatitakh, soderzhashchikh

seru)

PERIODICAL:

Geokhimiya, 1958, Nr 4, pp. 368 - 373 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

First the papers hitherto published in this field are discussed. For this purpose analyses of the following minerals are compiled in a table: Vilkeit, ellestadit, apatite from the Laach Lake, as well as apatite analyses of the author. The samples are from Shishimskaya kop! (Ural), Legliyer (Aldan), Emel'dzhak (Aldan) and Nadezhnoye (Aldan). In these minerals P is partially substituted isomorphously by S and Si. In ellestadit two P5+ correspond to one S6+ and one Si4+ each; in contrast to this the ratio Si/S in the apatite from Shishimskaya kop' is 1,34 : 1. The isomorphous substitution

can be illustrated by the following scheme:

 $3P^{5+}$ 0^{2-} \leftarrow $5^{6+}2si^{4+}$ (OH). The chemical composition of the apatite from Madezhnoye corresponds to the formula Na₆Ca₄S₆O₂₄Cl₂; the isomorphous substitution can be illustrated by the following scheme:

Card 1/3

On Sulfur-Containing Apatites

307/7-58-4-8/13

 ${\tt Ca}^{2+p5+} \longleftarrow {\tt Na}^{+}{\tt S}^{6+}$. The other two apatites from Aldan (Legliyer and Emel'dzhak) also contain sodium and rare earths besides sulfur and silicon. The following isomorphous substitutions could be possible:

 $2Ca^{2+} \leftarrow Na^{\frac{1}{1}}R^{3+}; 2P^{5+} \leftarrow S^{6+}Si^{4+}$ $Ca^{2+}P^{5+} \leftarrow TR^{3+}Si^{4+}; Ca^{2+}P^{5+} \leftarrow Na^{+}S^{6+}$

Furthermore the paper gives data on the specific weight, the refraction indices, and the lattice constants of the apatites investigated. It is difficult to determine the limits of the influence of the rising sulfur content, since these properties are influenced by other elements as well. There are 5 tables and 7 references, 3 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION: Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mine-

ralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva (Moscow Institute of the Geology of Ore Deposits, Petrography, Mineralogy and Geo-

chemistry, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED: December 4, 1957

Card 2/3

On Sulfur-Containing	Apatites	504/7-58-4-8/1
1. ApatiteAnalysis	2. MineralsAnalysis	
Card 3/3		

AUTHOR:

Vasil'yeva, Z. V.

307/7-58-4-8/13

TITLE:

On Sulfur-Containing Apatites (Ob apatitakh, soderzhashchikh

seru)

PERIODICAL:

Geokhimiya, 1958, Nr 4, pp. 368 - 373 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

First the papers hitherto published in this field are discussed. For this purpose analyses of the following minerals are compiled in a table: Vilkeit, ellestadit, apatite from the Laach Lake, as well as apatite analyses of the author. The samples are from Shishimskaya kop! (Ural), Legliyer (Aldan), Emel'dzhak (Aldan) and Nadezhnoye (Aldan). In these minerals P is partially substituted isomorphously by S and Si. In ellestadit two P⁵⁺ correspond to one S⁶⁺ and one Si⁴⁺ each; in contrast to this the ratio Si/S in the apatite from Shishimskaya kop: is 1,34 : 1. The isomorphous substitution

can be illustrated by the following scheme:

 $\left[3P^{5+}\right] 0^{2} \leftarrow \left[s^{6+}2si^{4+}\right]$ (OH)". The chemical composition of the apatite from Nadezhnoye corresponds to the formula Na 6 Ca 4 S 6 0 2 4 Cl 2; the isomorphous substitution can be illustrated by the following scheme:

Card 1/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R001859010015-1" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001

On Sulfur-Containing Apatites

307/7-58-4-8/13

Ca²⁺p⁵⁺ (— Na⁺S⁶⁺. The other two apatites from Aldan (Legliyer and Emel'dzhak) also contain sodium and rare earths besides sulfur and silicon. The following isomorphous substitutions could be possible:

 $2Ca^{2+} \leftarrow Na^{+}TR^{3+}; 2p^{5+} \leftarrow s^{6+}s_1^{4+}$ $Ca^{2+}p^{5+} \leftarrow TR^{3+}s_1^{4+}; Ca^{2+}p^{5+} \leftarrow Na^{+}s^{6+}$

Furthermore the paper gives data on the specific weight, the refraction indices, and the lattice constants of the apatites investigated. It is difficult to determine the limits of the influence of the rising sulfur content, since these properties are influenced by other elements as well. There are 5 tables and 7 references; 3 of which are Soviet.

ASSOCIATION:

Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva (Moscow Institute of the Geology of Ore Deposits, Petrography, Mineralogy and Geochemistry, AS USSR)

SUBMITTED:

December 4, 1957

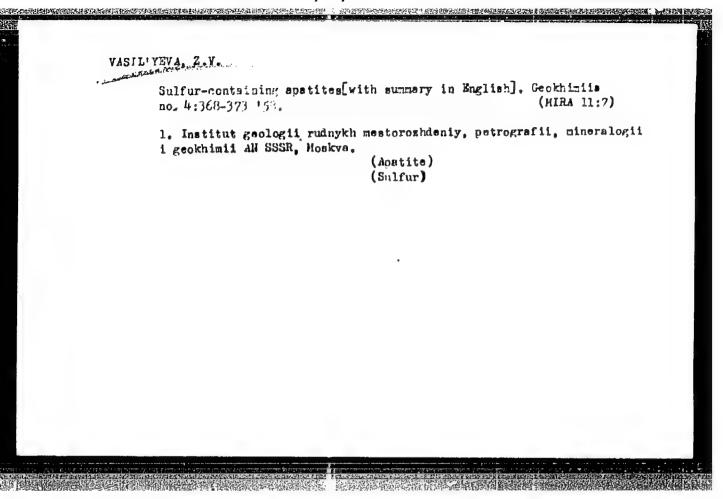
Card 2/3

On Sulfur-Containing Apatites

301/7 38-4 8/13

1. Apatite--Analysis 2. Minerals--Analysis

Card 3/3



AUTHOR: Vasil'yeva, Z.V. and Kudryashova, V.I. 11-58-7-6/12 TITLE: Apatite from a Siberian Trappean Formation (Apatit iz Sibirskoy trappovoy formatsii) PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Seriya geologicheskaya, 1958. Nr 7, pp 92-97 (USSR) ABSTRACT: Apatite is a constant accessory mineral in trappean rock formations. According to A.P. Lebedev, the diabase-pegmatites contain 1% of apatite, and according to V.V. Lyakhovich, the gabbro-diabases of the Vilyuy region contain 2,86% apatite. It is also found in various micropegnatitic mesostasis of pegmatoid formations in different trappes of India, South Africa and Tasmania. But the apatite of post-magmatic origin was never found until recently. One of the authors discovered the crystals of apatite in a hydrothermal vein in the region of the Nizhnyaya Tunguska river. Other apatite crystals were also found in this region. Their characteristics are described in detail. In other regions of Siberia, A.P. Lebedev and N.V. Pavlov also discovered apatite crystals. Chemical analysis showed that the content of rare earths in apatites from the Card 1/2 hydrothermal vein was from 2.13 to 0.90% and no rare earths

Proceedings of the contract of

Apatite from a Siberian Trappean Formation

11-58-7-6/12

were found in other apatites located in metasomatically changed lava covers or in the magnetite deposits. There are 5 photos, 1 table, and 5 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED:

October 8, 1957

ASSOCIATION: Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii, AN SSSR, Moskva (The Geological Institute of

Ore-Deposits, Petrography, Mineralogy, and Geochemistry,

AS USSR, Moscow)

Card 2/2

1. Apatite - Sources

VASIL'Y EVA

USSR/Physiology of Plants - Respiration and Metabolism.

I-2

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

'Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 3, 1958, 10387

Author

: Vasil'yeva, Z.V.

Inst

Moscow State Pedagogical Institute.

Title

Transformation of Carbohydrates and Activity of Ferments

in Grape Under Moscow Oblast' Conditions.

Orig Pub

: Uch. zap. Mosk. gos. ped. in-t, 1956, 97, 133-166.

Abstract

The intensity of photosynthesis (by the halves method), the carbohydrate composition (by Hagedorn-Jensen's method), acidity (by Prostoserdov's method, perfected by Tsarevetinov), invertase activity (by the vacuum infiltration method and in vitro) and amylase activity (in vitro) were all determined in leaves of the seventh, eighth, and ninth nodes of the basic shoot (s) of four

varieties of grape. The catalase and peroxidase

Card 1/2

VASIL'YEVA, Z.V.; LITSAREV, M.A.; ORGANOVA, N.I.

On natural sulfate apatite. Dokl. AN SSSR 118 no.3:577-580
Ja 158; (MIRA 11:4)

l.Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii Akademii nauk SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom N.V. Belsvyn. (Aldan region--Apatite)

Fluorine, chlorine and hydroxyl in apatites [with summary in English]. Geokhimiia no.8:704-712 '57. (!!IRA 11:2)

l.Institut geologii rudnykh mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii geokhimii AN SSSR, Moskva.

(Apatites) (Halogens) (Hydroxyl)

1,77216 17 V.7,6.V

AUTHORS: Vasil'yeva, Z. V., Litsarev, M. A.,

20-3-46/59

Organova, N. I.

TITLE:

Natural Sulfate Apatite (O prirodnom sul'fatapatite)

PERIODICAL:

Doklady AE SSSR, 1958, Vol. 118, Nr 3, pp. 577-580 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

Apatite is comparatively widely distributed in the phlogopite layers in the Aldan region. It occurs as a mineral admixture in various crystalline slates and gneisses, granites and pegnatites, mostly in the form of small irregular grains distributed over the entire rock. The largest apatite accumulations are combined with metasomatic formations, in particular with phlogopite veins and nests which are deposited in diopside and spinel-diopside rocks. The dimensions of the apatite crystals vary from a few millimeters to 35 to 40 cm, their colour being green, pale blue or red. An unusual specimen of apatite was found in the phlogopite deposit "Nadezhnoye" (On the upper course of

Card 1/4

the river Pravyy Kurung-Khoonku, district of Aldan). Small apatite crystals (1 - 1.5 mm, figure 1) are composed of an

Natural Sulfate Apatite

20-3-46/59

aggregate of even smaller crystals with a characteristic zonal structure (figure 1b). The inner parts of these latter micro crystals are very weakly double-refracting (almost isotropic) whereas the external layers are normally refracting. The latter variety of apatite in certain points forms shapeless separations; fills up the gaps between the isotropic apatite and without doubt is of a later origin. The interrelations established between these two components of the identical apatite sample lead to the assertion, that here one variety of apatite was replaced by the other. An incomplete pseodo-morphosis (para-morphosis) of two chemically differing apatite varieties is observed here. The analysis of these varieties was not successful, because a separation was impossible. An X-ray structure analysis showed two excess lines. They can well be made to harmonize with the indices of the apatite-like component with $a_2 = 9,56$; $c_2 = 6,77$; $c_2/a_2 = 0,708$. As it is shown by table 1, it is possible to attribute indices corresponding to the second phase to all other lines. This justifies the assumption, that here two apatite phases are existent. The parameter a of the second phase is much greater, which is characteristic for Cl-apatite, as is well known. The

Card 2/4

Natural Sulfate Apatite

20-3-46/59

chemical analysis is given in table 2. It reflects the composition of both apatite phases and corresponds, after subtracting CaCO, to the total formula of apatite, which is distinguished by the presence of S, which obviously replaces P isomorphously, and by the occurrence of Na, which replaces Ca. From this the occurrence of Na-S-apatite may be presumed, the existence of which was proved (reference 1). Intermediary forms also became known. From these facts and from the investigations of the apatite from "Nadezhnoye" it can be conceived to consist of two phases, Ha-S-apatite and normal apatite. For the purpose of clarifying the problem, to what extent it consists of pure S-apatite, a finely ground sample was washed out with water for three days. The presence of sulphur and chlorine, as well as the absence of phosphor was determined. Therefore, in this apatite phosphor is completely replaced by sulphur. From these considerations the formula Na Ca O 24Cl is proposed. This variety was not yet observed in nature. It forms about 5 % of the total apatite mass. The predominant component corresponds to the formula Ca, P6024Cl (OH, F). The ordinary apatite here forms a paramorphosis of an earlier sulfate-

Card 3/4

Natural Sulfate Apatite

20-3-46/59

THE PROPERTY IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

-apatite, which proved to be unstable on the conditions of metasomatosis because of its solubility and was preserved only in the crystal cores. There are 1 figure, 2 tables,

and 1 reference.

ASSOCIATION: Institute for Ore Deposits, Petrography, Mineralogy and

Geochemistry AN USSR (Institut geologii rudnykh

mestorozhdeniy, petrografii, mineralogii i geokhimii

Akademii nauk SSSR)

PRESENTED: August 29, 1957, by N. V. Belov, Academician

SUBMITTED: August 28, 1957

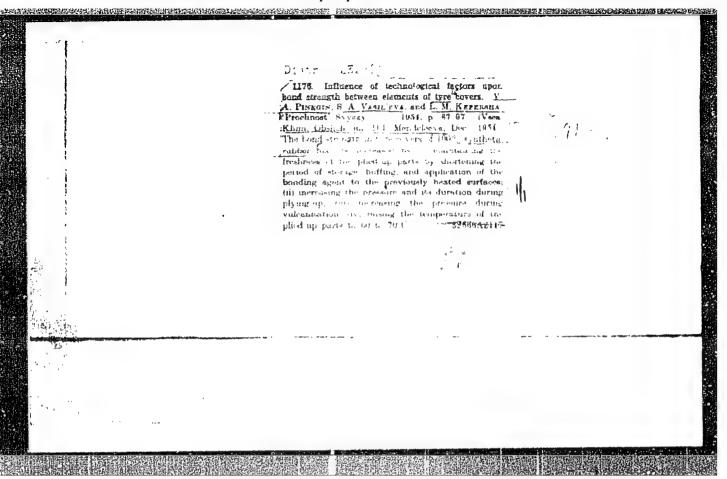
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Card 4/4

VASIL'YEVA-PUPISHEVA, L.I.

Diseases of cherry laurel in the Crimea. Biul. Glav. bet. sada no.31:86-95 '58. (MIRA 12:5)

1.desudarstvennyy Mikitskiy betanicheskiy sad. (Cherry laurel-Diseases and pests) (Crimea-Tungi, Phytepathegenic)



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	experience against exercising the highly and the tell of the agent agents.	
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VA /L'YEVA, J.A.
US /Chemistry - Tire cords

FD-1731

Card 1/1

: Pub. 50-7/18

Authors

: Uzina, R. V., Ionova, T. V., Vasil'yeva, S. A.

Title

: The effect of a high hygroscopicity of viscose cord on the quality of

automobile tire casings

Periodical

: Khim. prom., No 1, 34-39, Jan-Feb 1955

Abstract

The harmful effects of a high moisture content in viscose cord are described. It is recommended that the Main Administration of Cord Production ["Glavkord"], Ministry of the Consumers' Goods Industry, initiate work on the reduction of the hygroscopicity of viscose cord. Three references; one USSR, since 1940. One figure, 11 graphs. 2 tables.

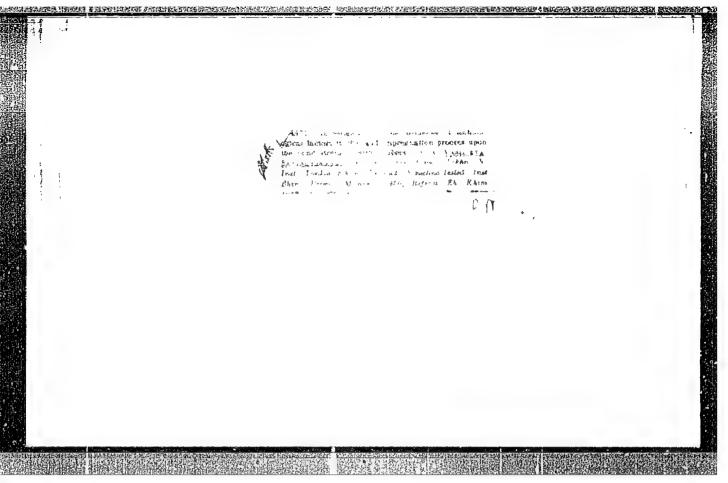
Institution : Scientific Research Institute of the Tire Industry

VASIL'YEVA-SAVINOVSKAYA, S. A.

Vasil'yeva-Savinovskaya, S. A.

"Investigation of the effect of the technological factors in the process of soaking cord on the stability of the bond between it and rubber." Min Higher Education USSR. Inst of Fine Chemical Technology imeni M. V. Lomonosov. Min Chemical Industry USSR. Sci Res Inst of the Tire Industry. Moscow, 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Technical Sciences).

So: Knizhnaya letopis' No. 25, 1956. Moscow



KUDRYAVTSEV, G.I.; VASIL'YEVA-SOKOLOVA, Ye.A.

Chemical transformations of poly-2-methyl-5-vinylpyridine based on the reactivity of the &-methyl group. Part 1: Reaction of poly-2-methyl-5-vinyl-N-methyl pyridinium salts with aromatic aldehydes. Vysokom.soed. 5 no.9:1345-1350 S '63. (MIRA 17:1)

MAZEL', I.S.; VASIL'YEVA-SOKOLOVA, Ye.A.; KUDRYAVISEV, G.I.

Clenvage of pyridine rings in Ω - and $\sqrt{}$ -vinylpyridines and in pelymers obtained from their monomers. Vysokom.seed. 5 no.6:868-872 Je 163. (MIRA 16:9)

1. Vsesojuznyy nauchne-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennego volokna.

(Pyridine) (Pyridinium compounds)

)A	SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/65/007/012/2063/2066
	SOURCE CODE: UR/0190/65/007/012/2063/2066 44 55 UTHOR: Pinskaya, I. S.; Vasil'yeva-Sokolova, Ye. A.; Kudryavtsay, G. I.
	ORG: All-Union Scientific Research Institute of Synthetic Fibers (Vsesoyuznyy auchno-issledovatel skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna)
Т	TILE: Synthesis of polymers from aromatic dialdehydes and 2, 6-lutidine
S	OURCE: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 2063-2066
T	OPIC TAGS: organic semiconductor, semiconducting polymer, ion exchange resin
C	BSTRACT: Condensation of 2, 6-lutidine (I) or 1-methyl-2, 6-lutidinium iodide (II) ith aromatic dialdehydes has produced polymers exhibiting heat resistance, and semi-luthyde, 5
	H ₂ C-CH ₂ +C-CH ₃ +C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-C-C-CH ₃ +C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-C-
	CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-CH-C
Ca	urd 1/2 UDC: 541.64+678.62

= 11241-00

ACC NR: AP6001862

were fusible (160-225C) and soluble (in sulfuric and hydrochloric acids in most cases, benzyl alcohol, quinoline, pyridine, and cresol); crystalline, and had a conductivity of 0.8×10^{-10} mho/cm at 100C (0.8×10^{-12} mho/cm at 0C). The coninsoluble in acids and organic solvents and had a conductivity of 0.3×10^{-9} mho/cm at room temperature. Heat treatment in vacuum at 300C resulted in the elimination of

$$-\left[HC - CH - CH - CH \right]^{u} + CH^{1}$$

$$-\left[HC - CH - CH - CH \right]^{u} \frac{ABCMM}{800}$$

IR spectroscopy and chemical analysis confirmed the structures of the polymers from I and II. Molecular weights were of the order of 5000. Orig. art. has: 1 table

SUB CODE: 11/ SUBM DATE: O5Jan65/, ORIG REF: 003/ OTH REF: 005/ ATD PRESS.

Gard 2/2

RM/JW EPF(c)/EWP(j)/EMA(c)/EWT(m)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 RPL L 35075-65 5/0081/64/000/024/5026/5026 ACCESSION NR: AR5006366 7.1 29 SOURCE: Ref. zh. Khimiya, Abs. 24S150 B+1 AUTHOR: Kudryavtsev, G. I.; Vasil'yeva-Sokolova, Ye. A. TITLE: Certain chemical transformations of poly-2-methyl-5-vinylpyridine, based on the reaction capability of the a-methyl group. II. Interaction of salts of poly-2methyl-5-vinyl-N-methyl-pyridine with aromatic nitroso compounds / CITED SOURCE: Sb. Vysokomolekul. soyedineniya. Khim. svoystva i modifik. polimerov. M., Nauka, 1964, 253-256 TOPIC TAGS: aromatic nitro compound, aromatic diamine, condensation reaction, fiber, polymeric dye TRANSLATION: The interaction of the salts of poly-2-methyl-N-methyl-5-vinylpyridine with n-nitrosodimethylaniline and n-nitrosodiphenylamine was studied. The interaction is based on the capability of the hydrogens of the a-methyl group of the polymer to be condensed with the arylnitroso compounds. The reaction products are high-molecular azomethine compounds, the portion of condensed units in which reaches 94. Since the compounds obtained are polymeric dyes, n-nitrosodimetnylani-

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/31/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001859010015-1"

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AR5006366 line was reacted with a fiber made of the copolymer of acrylonitrile and 2-methyl- 5-vinylpyridine, and a chemically dyed fiber was produced with high light resist- 5-vinylpyridine, and a chemically dyed fiber was produced with high light resist- 5-vinylpyridine with ance by The condensation product of the salt of poly-2-methyl-5-vinylpyridine with ance by The condensation product of the salt of poly-2-methyl-5-vinylpyridine with
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Card 2/2

EUDRYAVTSEV, G.I.; VASIL'YEVA-SOKOLOVA, Ye.A.; MAZEL', I.S.

Synthesis of polymers on the basis of 2,6-lutidine and arcticle dialdehydes. Vysokom.soed. 5 no.1s151-152 Ja '63.

(Lutidine) (Aldehydes) (Polymers)

(Lutidine) (Aldehydes) (Polymers)

hh272

5/190/63/005/001/020/020 B117/B186

5 3833

Kudryavtsev, G. I., Vasil'yeva-Sokolova, Ye. A., Mazel', I.S.

TITLE:

AUTHORS:

Synthesis of polymers based on 2,6-lutidine and aromatic

dialdehydes

PERIODICAL: Vysokomolekulyarnyye soyedineniya, v. 5, no. 1, 1963, 151-152

TEXT: A new method of synthesizing thermostable polymers is the polycondensation of lutidine and N-methyl lutidine iodide with aromatic dialdehydes. An infusible, light-brown powder soluble in acids and in some organic solvents (quinoline, cresol, benzyl alcohol) was produced from equimolecular amounts of lutidine and terephthalaldehyde by heating (160-220°C) in the presence of ZnCl₂. The specific viscosity of a 0.5% solution of the polymer in sulfuric acid is 0.103. The molecular weight determined according to Rast is 1800-2300. The following structure was found for the polymer from infrared spectra and elementary analyses:

Card 1/3

S/190/63/005/001/020/020 B117/B186

Synthesis of polymers based on ...

H
$$CH = CH$$

Its heat resistance is seen from the following data: Heating of the sample at 300°C (5 hrs) in air leads to a loss in weight of 7.25%; at 400°C (3 hrs) the loss in weight is 14.70%; heating at 400°C (3 hrs) in nitrogen leads to a loss in weight of 7.28%. Infusible, dark-brown

powders were produced by heating (70-90°C in absolute alcohol) of N-methyl lutidine iodide with aromatic dialdehydes (terephthal isophthalaldehyde, bis-4-formyl phenyl ester) in the presence of piperidine. Although the powders were insoluble in most of the solvents, they yielded weakly concentrated solutions with certain compounds which reacted with aldehyde groups of the polymer. The resulting polymers showed semiconductor properties: the electrical conductivity of a non-preheated sample (obtained from N-methyl lutidine iodide and terephthalaldehyde) was Card 2/3

S/190/63/005/001/020/020

Synthesis of polymers based on ...

B117/B186

0.3·10⁻⁹ ohm⁻¹·cm⁻¹ at room temperature. The investigation of the properties and the synthesis of polymers of the new type is being continued.

[Abstracter's note: Essentially complete translation.]

SUBMITTED: August 14, 1962

VASILIYEVA - SOKOLOVA, FE. A.

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

sov/4984

International symposium on macromolecular chemistry. Moscow, 1960.

Mezhdunarodnyy simpozium po makromolekulyarnoy khimii SSSR, Moskva, 14-18 iyunya 1960 g.; doklady i avtoreferaty. Sektsiya III. (International Symposium on Macromolecular Chemistry Held in Moscow, June 14-18, 1960; Papers and Summaries) Section III. [Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1960] 469 p. 55,000 copies printed.

Tech. Ed.: P. S. Kashina.

Sponsoring Agency: The International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry. Commission on Macromolecular Chemistry.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for chemists interested in polymerization reactions and the synthesis of high molecular compounds.

Card 1/13

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International Symposium (Cont.)

sov/4984

THE TAX THE PERIOD REPORTED FROM THE SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERIOD OF THE PERI

COVERAGE: This is Section III of a multivolume work containing papers on macromolecular chemistry. The articles in general deal with the kinetics of polymerization reactions, the synthesis of special-purpose polymers, e.g., ion exchange resins, semiconductor materials, etc., methods of catalyzing polymerization reactions, properties and chemical interactions of high molecular materials, and the effects of various factors on polymerization and the degradation of high molecular compounds. No personalities are mentioned. References given follow the articles.

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Smets, G., and W. De Loecker (Belgium). Reaction Kinetics and Tacticity of Macromolecules

Loucheux, M. H., and A. Banderet (France). A Purely Chemical Contribution to the Knowledge of the Shape of Macromolecules in Solution

Card 2/13

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[MIRA 15:4)

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EllI(m) UR/0241/65/010/010/0057/0061 24235-66 SOURCE CODE: ACC NR: AP6014671 AUTHOR: Moroz, B. B.; Bezin, G. I.; Grozdov, S. P.; Lebedev, B. I.; Vasil'vevskava. V. G.-Vasilievskava, V. V.; Ponomar'kova V. I.-Ponomarkov, V. I.; Fedorovskiy, L. L.-Fedorovsky, L. L.; Fedorovsky, P. V. P. ORG: none TITLE: Experimental Po sup 210 - induced chronic radiation sickness SOURCE: Meditsinskaya radiologiya, v. 10, no. 10, 1965, 57-61 TOPIC TAGS: polonium, radiation sickness, dog, alpha radiation, radiology The article describes the features of the clinical course and variation of certain functions in dogs with chronic radiation sickness caused by a single subcutaneous injection of Po²¹⁰ (0.003 microcuries per kg body ARSTRACT: weight). A prolonged initial period of relative clinical well-being was observed, with a developed picture of radiation sickness setting in only after some 3 months and with the dogs dying off individually after a period of from 128 to 310 days. The distribution of Po²¹⁰ throughout the tissues and organs, which resulted in a constant local alpha-irradiation of the latter, evidently played a major role in the genesis of these disturbances, with gradual increment in the tissue dose, which after 6-9 months reached 1,100-1,400 rads. During the period of distinct radiation sickness the dogs displayed lethargy, lack of appetite, periodic diarrhea, and thirst, along with spontaneous bleeding of the oral mucosa and spontaneous hemorrhages of the rectum and UDC: 617-001.28-008.939.65 Card 1/2

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urinary tract. Shortly before death, the state of the dogs sharply deteriorated; they moved with difficulty, refused food, and vemitted bile and blood. Rectal temperature rose; the pulse was quick, arrhythmic, and arterial pressure fell. With these symptoms, the dogs died. It was accompanied by deep trophic disturbances due to a combination of mechanisms, each of which by itself may cause trophic changes: disturbances in neuroendocrine regulations with insufficiency of the adrenal cortex; metabolic disorders, hemodynamic disorders, and chronic hypoxia, as well as the constant direct local effect of the alpha-emitter on the tissues. Anatomo-pathological dissection revealed that state of general dystrophy which is so characteristic of polonium poisoning and is not encountered when other radioactive isotopes pervade the organism. Orig. art. has: 4 tables. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: 25Aug64 / ORIG REF: 009

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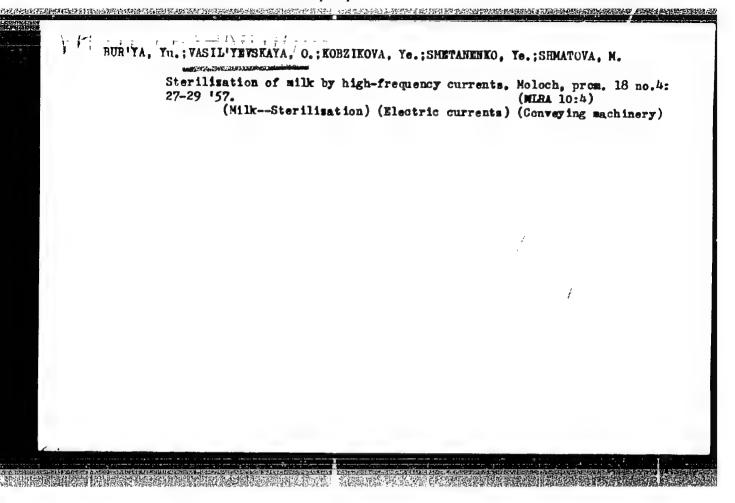
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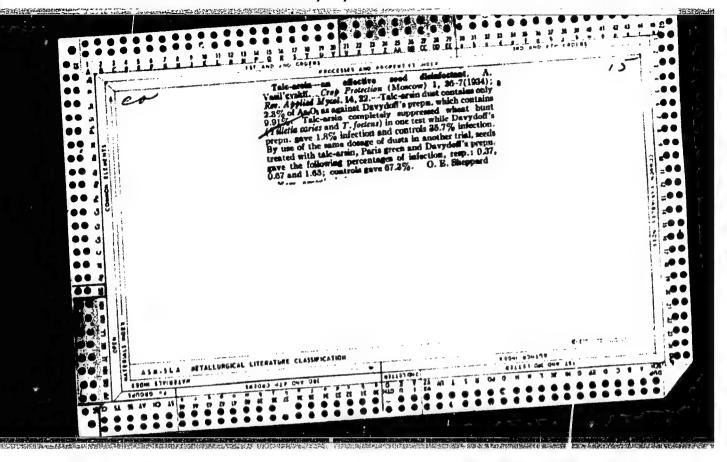
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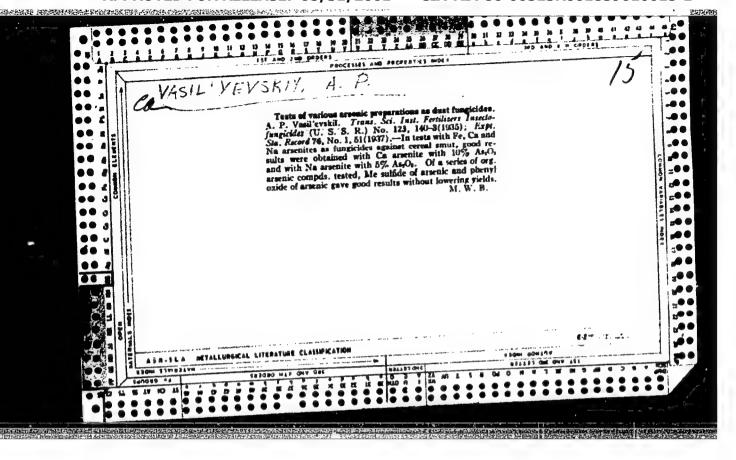
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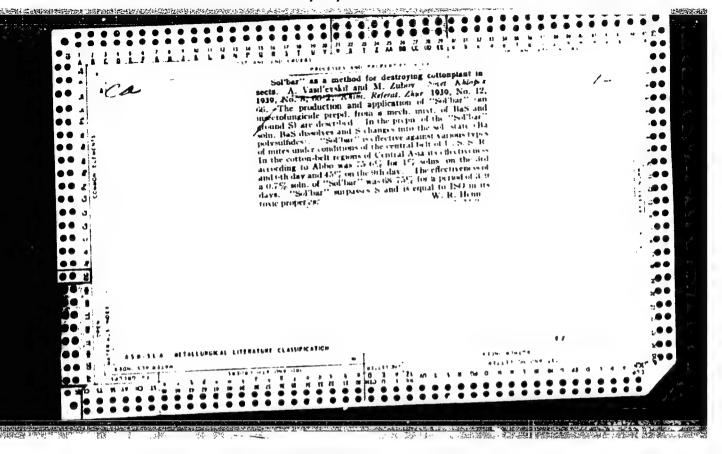
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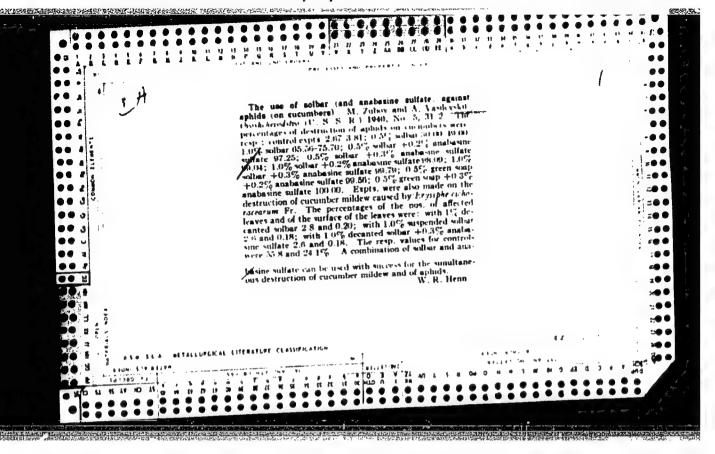
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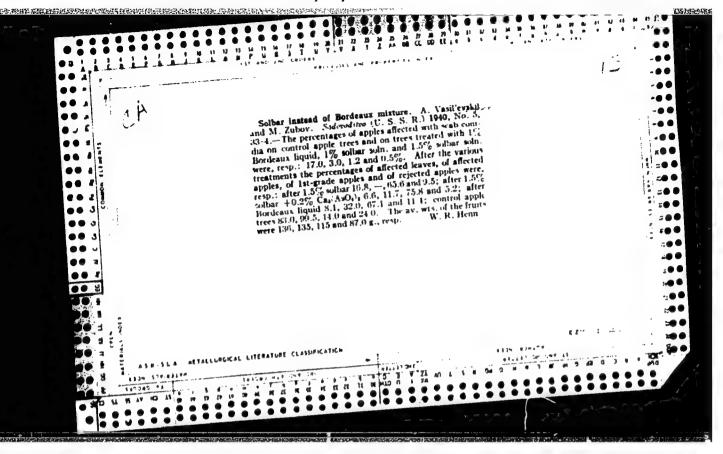
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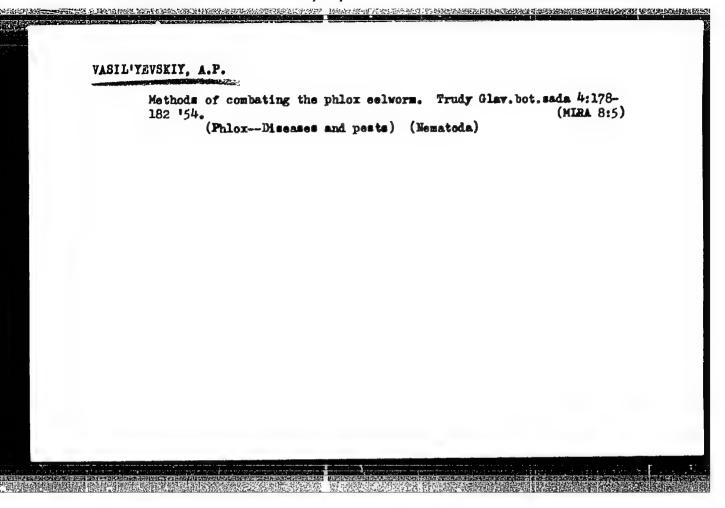
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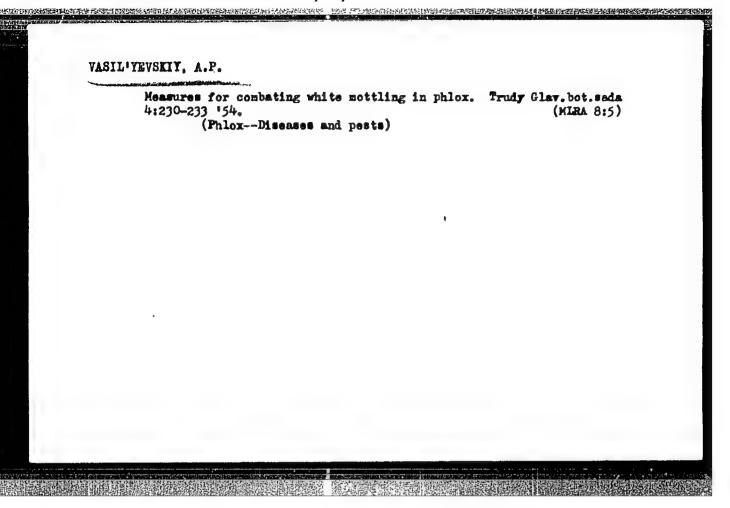
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